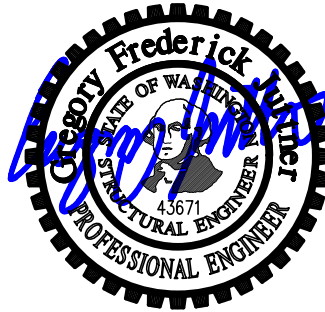




Structural Calculations For:
Cheshire House

7613 E Mercer Way
Mercer Island, WA 98040



Prepared for: Berger Partnership
Job #: 00586-2024-01
Date: February 7, 2025

Criteria Sheet

Codes

Structural IBC 2021
 Loading ASCE 7-16
 Wood: NDS 2018 / SDPWS 2021
 Steel: AISC 360-16
 Concrete: ACI 318-19
 Masonry: TMS 402/602-16

Project Location

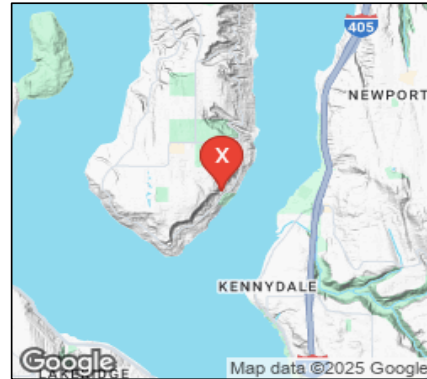
Street & Number 7615 E Mercer Way
 City: Mercer Island State: WA
 ZIP: 98040
 Latitude: 47.5345 N
 Longitude: -122.2163 W
 Ground Elevation 149 ft

Occupancy Category

Risk Category: II ASCE 7 Table 1.5-1

Seismic Load Summary:

Analysis Procedure: Equivalent Lateral Force Procedure
 Lateral System: Steel Ordinary Cantilever Column Systems
 R: 1.25 $C_d= 1.25$
 Base Shear V = 4 kips $\Omega_o= 1.25$
 $S_s= 1.456$ $S_1= 0.503$
 $S_{DS}= 1.16$ $S_{D1}= 0.67$
 $C_s= 0.932$ $I_E= 1.0$



Story Information

Stories Above Grade (Including Mezzanine Levels) 1

Horizontal and Vertical Irregularities:

Is the building a "Regular Structure"? (No horizontal or vertical irregularities) Yes

Wind Load Summary:

V= 98 $K_{ZT}= 1.00$
 Exposure = C

Dead Loads:

Roof		Floor	
Roofing	1 psf	Finish Floor	2 psf
1/2" Sheathing	1.8 psf	3/4" Sheathing	2.7 psf
Trusses @ 24" oc	2.5 psf	Joists @ 16" oc	2.2 psf
Misc./Mech.	1.5 psf	Misc./Mech.	2 psf
Ceiling Finish	2.8 psf	Ceiling Finish	2.8
Solar Panels	5 psf		11.7 psf
	15 psf	Use	12 psf
Use	15 psf	Add'l Seismic Weight	10 psf
Add'l Seismic Weight	5 psf	Seismic Weight	22 psf
Seismic Weight	20 psf		

Live Loads:

Roof 20 psf
 Floor 40 psf

Snow Loading Criteria:

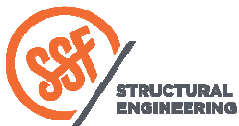
Ground Snow, p_g	20 psf	Flat Roof Snow Load, p_f	25.0 psf	Importance Factor, I_s	1.00
Exposure Factor, C_e	1.00	Sloped Roof Snow Load, p_s	25.0 psf		
Thermal Factor, C_t	1.00	Slope Factor, C_s	0.61		

Soils:

Allowable Bearing	2000 psf	Active	65/45 pcf (Restrained/Unrestrained)
Sliding, μ	0.3	Seismic Surcharge	8H
Passive	250 pcf		

Soils Report Provided? Yes

Site Specific Ground Motion Hazard Analysis Provided? Yes



Cheshire Pergola

Criteria

DATE 2/18/2025

PROJ. #

DESIGN AD

SHEET 1

Wind Design - MWFRS

ASCE 7 Chapter 27 - Directional Procedure

Design Method	ASD
---------------	-----

Wind Coefficients

Exposure	C	
V=	98	mph
K_d =	0.85	Table 26.6-1
K_{zt} =	0.85	Table 27.3-1
K_e =	0.99	Table 26.9-1
G=	0.85	26.9.4

Transverse Wind Pressures

L/B = 0.83 h/L = 0.40

Pressure Coefficients from Figure 27.4-1:

Bldg Face	C_p
Windward Wall	0.8
Leeward Wall	-0.50
Windward Roof	-0.9 / -0.18
Leeward Roof	-0.42

Location and Building Dimensions

Calculate K_{zt} ?	Yes	
K_{zt}	1.00	
Roof Type	Monoslope	
Roof Slope - Transverse Dir	0	degrees
Roof Slope - Long Dir	0	degrees
Ground to top of roof	8	ft
Bot of roof to top of roof	0	ft
Mean Roof Height, h	8	ft
Short Plan Dimension	20	ft
Long Plan Dimension	24	ft
Parapet ?	No	
Ground to top of parapet		ft
Average Parapet Height		ft

Velocity Pressure at Mean Roof Height, q_h =	17.6	psf
--	------	-----

Wall Pressures (Unfactored):

ASD

Ht	K_z	q_z	$P_{ww\ walls}$	$P_{lw\ walls}$	$P_{walls\ (psf)}$
0-15	0.85	17.67	12.01	7.50	11.7
15-20	0.9	18.71	12.72	7.50	12.1
20-25	0.94	19.54	13.29	7.50	12.5
25-30	0.98	20.37	13.85	7.50	12.8
30-40	1.04	21.62	14.70	7.50	13.3
41-50	1.09	22.66	15.41	7.50	13.7
51-60	1.13	23.49	15.97	7.50	14.1
61-70	1.17	24.32	16.54	7.50	14.4
71-80	1.21	25.15	17.10	7.50	14.8
81-90	1.24	25.77	17.53	7.50	15.0
91-100	1.26	26.19	17.81	7.50	15.2

Roof Pressures (Unfactored)

ASD

Windward		Leeward	Horiz Proj (psf)
Max	Min		
-2.7	-13.5	-6.3	4.80

Longitudinal Wind Pressures

L/B = 1.20 h/L = 0.33

Pressure Coefficients from Figure 27.4-1:

Bldg Face	C_p
Windward Wall	0.8
Leeward Wall	-0.46
Windward Roof	-0.9 / -0.18
Leeward Roof	-0.42

Wall Pressures (Unfactored):

ASD

Ht	K_z	q_z	$P_{ww\ walls}$	$P_{lw\ walls}$	$P_{walls\ (psf)}$
0-15	0.85	17.67	12.01	6.90	11.35
15-20	0.9	18.71	12.72	6.90	11.77
20-25	0.94	19.54	13.29	6.90	12.11
25-30	0.98	20.37	13.85	6.90	12.45
30-40	1.04	21.62	14.70	6.90	12.96
41-50	1.09	22.66	15.41	6.90	13.38
51-60	1.13	23.49	15.97	6.90	13.72
61-70	1.17	24.32	16.54	6.90	14.06
71-80	1.21	25.15	17.10	6.90	14.40
81-90	1.24	25.77	17.53	6.90	14.66
91-100	1.26	26.19	17.81	6.90	14.82

Roof Pressures (Unfactored)

ASD

Windward		Leeward	Horiz Proj (psf)
Max	Min		
-2.7	-13.5	-6.3	4.80



Cheshire Pergola _____
 Wind Criteria _____

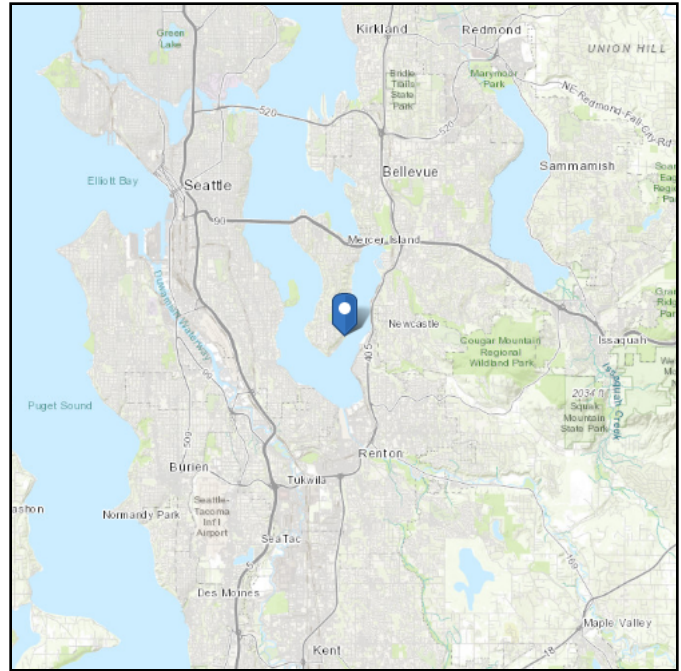
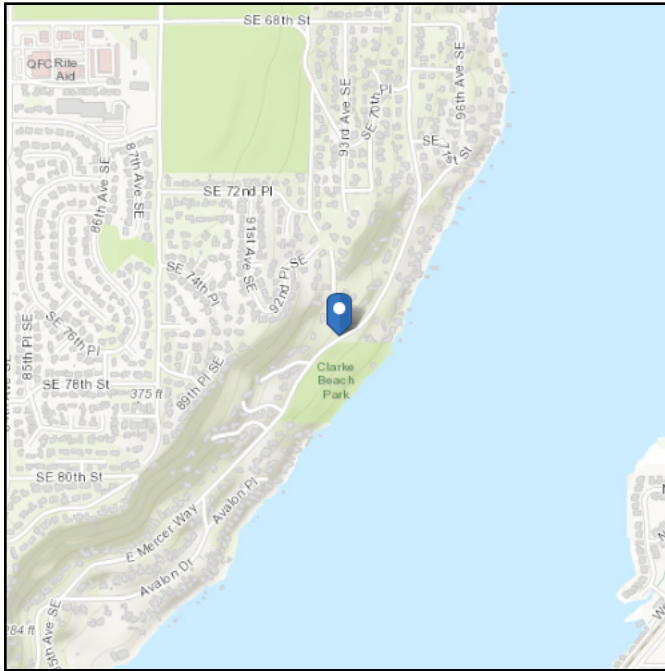
DATE 2/18/2025
 PROJ. # _____
 DESIGN AD
 SHEET 3

ASCE Hazards Report

Address:
7613 E Mercer Way
Mercer Island, Washington
98040

Standard: ASCE/SEI 7-22
Risk Category: II
Soil Class: DE

Latitude: 47.534508
Longitude: -122.215356
Elevation: 103.97892005632795 ft
(NAVD 88)



Seismic

Site Soil Class: DE

Results:

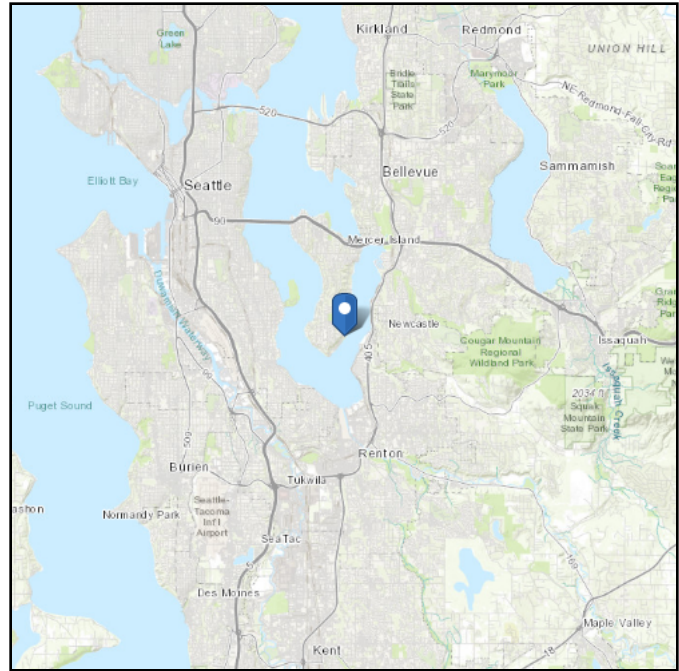
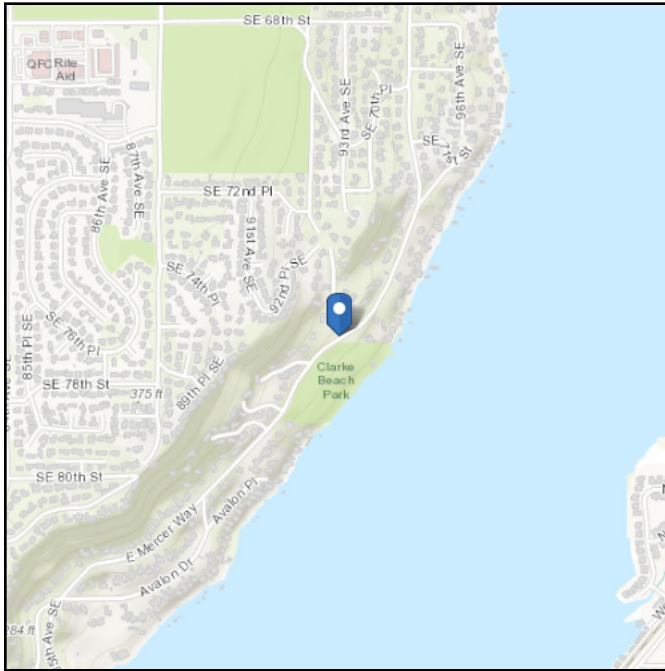
PGA _M :	0.7	T _L :	6
S _{MS} :	1.67	S _S :	1.63
S _{M1} :	1.6	S ₁ :	0.62
S _{DS} :	1.11	V _{S30} :	185
S _{D1} :	1.07		

ASCE Hazards Report

Address:
7613 E Mercer Way
Mercer Island, Washington
98040

Standard: ASCE/SEI 7-22
Risk Category: II
Soil Class: DE

Latitude: 47.534508
Longitude: -122.215356
Elevation: 103.97892005632795 ft
(NAVD 88)



Wind

Results:

Wind Speed	98 Vmph
10-year MRI	67 Vmph
25-year MRI	74 Vmph
50-year MRI	78 Vmph
100-year MRI	83 Vmph
300-year MRI	92 Vmph
700-year MRI	98 Vmph
1,700-year MRI	105 Vmph
3,000-year MRI	109 Vmph
10,000-year MRI	118 Vmph
100,000-year MRI	136 Vmph
1,000,000-year MRI	154 Vmph

Lateral Analysis

seismic:

Level	Area	prof	W_x	h_x	$W_x \cdot h_x$	C_v	F_x
Pergola	480 ft ²	10	4.8K	8ft	38.4K-ft.	1.0	4.1K

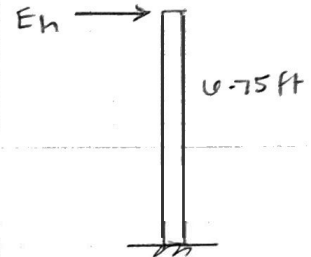
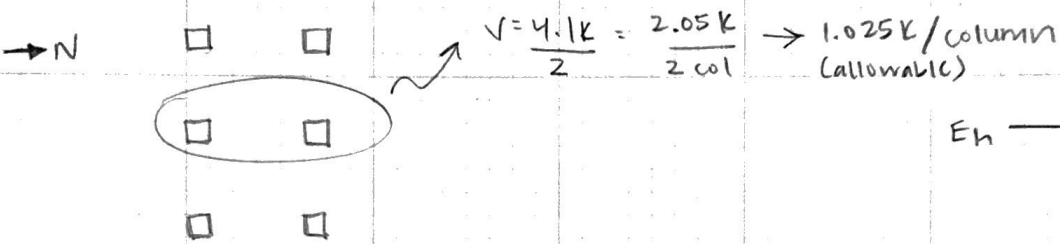
ordinary cantilever
column system →

$$V = C_s \cdot p \cdot w = \left(\frac{1.165}{(1.25/1.0)} \right) (1.3)(4.8K)$$

$$V = (0.932)(1.3)(4.8K) = 5.8K$$

$$V(ASD) = 0.7(5.8K) = \underline{4.1K}$$

Worst case: E-W Direction



check deflection:

Allowable story drift = $0.02 \cdot h_x = 0.02(82 \text{ in}) = 1.64 \text{ in}$

$E_h = 1.025K / 0.7 = 1.46 / 1.3 = 1.13K$ (strength level seismic force per ASCE 12.8.6)

$\Delta = 0.62 \text{ in} \rightarrow \delta = \frac{C_d \cdot \Delta}{I} = \frac{(1.25)(0.65 \text{ in})}{1.0} = 0.78 \text{ in} < 1.64 \text{ in OK.}$
(amplified)



PROJECT Cheshire Pergola
Mercer Island, WA

DATE 01/24/2025

PROJ # AD

DESIGN L-1

SHEET

Member Design (continued)

Load combination 8: $1.0D + 0.7E_v + 0.7E_h$

$$1.0D = 1.0(13.91 \text{ plf}(4.75 \text{ ft}) + 1343 \text{ lb}) = 1437 \text{ lb.}$$

$$0.7E_h = 1025 \text{ lb (already factored)}$$

$$\rightarrow V_a = 1025 \text{ lb.}$$

$$P_a = 1437 \text{ lb.}$$

$$M_a = 4920 \text{ lb-ft.}$$

Load combination 9: $1.0D + 0.525E_v + 0.525E_h + 0.75L + 0.75S$

$$1.0D = 1.0(13.91 \text{ plf}(4.75 \text{ ft}) + 1343 \text{ lb}) = 1437 \text{ lb.}$$

$$0.525E_h = 0.525(1025 \text{ lb}/0.7) = 769 \text{ lb.}$$

$$0.75L = 0.75(1785 \text{ lb}) = 1339 \text{ lb.}$$

$$0.75S = 0.75(2231 \text{ lb}) = 1748 \text{ lb.}$$

$$\rightarrow V_a = 769 \text{ lb.}$$

$$P_a = 4524 \text{ lb}$$

$$M_a = 5191 \text{ lb-ft.}$$

Load combination 10: $0.0D - 0.7E_v + 0.7E_h$

$$0.0D = 0.0(13.91 \text{ plf}(4.75 \text{ ft}) + 1343 \text{ lb}) = 862 \text{ lb.}$$

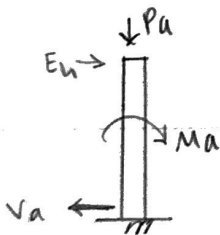
$$0.7E_h = 1025 \text{ lb}$$

$$\rightarrow V_a = 1025 \text{ lb.}$$

$$P_a = 862 \text{ lb}$$

$$M_a = 4920 \text{ lb-ft.}$$

\Rightarrow Load combination 8 controls:



$$\sigma_{Pa} = \frac{1437 \text{ lb}}{2.42 \text{ in}^2} = 594 \text{ psi}$$

$$\sigma_{Va} = \frac{1025 \text{ lb}}{2.42 \text{ in}^2} = 424 \text{ psi}$$

$$\sigma_{Ma} = \frac{(4920 \text{ lb-ft})(12 \text{ in/ft})(2 \text{ in})}{11.9 \text{ in}^4} = 13960 \text{ psi}$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Combined stress} = \frac{594 \text{ psi}}{30000 \text{ psi}} + \frac{424 \text{ psi}}{30000 \text{ psi}} + \frac{13960 \text{ psi}}{30000 \text{ psi}}$$

(unity check) $= 0.50 < 1.0 \text{ OK.}$

$V_a = 1025 \text{ lb.}$
 $P_a = 1437 \text{ lb}$
 $M_a = 4920 \text{ lb-ft.}$

HSS 4x4x1/2

$$V_n/\Omega = 40 \text{ K}$$

$$P_n/\Omega = 128 \text{ K}$$

$$M_n/\Omega = 19.2 \text{ K-ft.}$$

Check worst case $P_a = 4524 \text{ lb} < 0.15(P_n/\Omega)$ (per ASCE 12.2.5.2)

$$4524 \text{ lb} < 0.15(128 \text{ K}) \text{ (AISC Table 4-4 @ 8 ft)}$$

$$4524 \text{ lb} << 19.2 \text{ K} \text{ OK.}$$

\Rightarrow use HSS 4x4x1/2

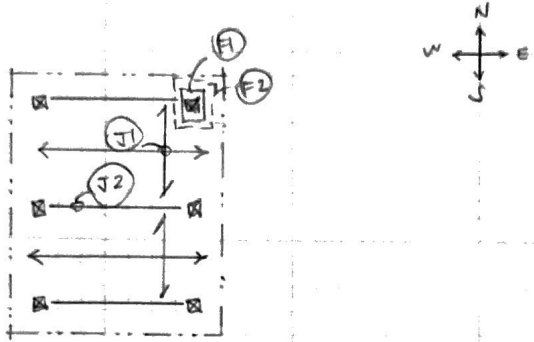


PROJECT Cheshire Pergola
Mercer Island, WA

DATE 01/24/2025
 PROJ # AD
 DESIGN L-2
 SHEET

Gravity Design

Key Plan



Pergola Framing:

DL = 15 psf
 LL = 25 psf → TL = 40 psf

J1 Rafter

$W = (24 \text{ in} / 12)(40 \text{ psf}) = 80 \text{ plf}$
 $L = 10.5 \text{ ft.}$
 $R = 420 \text{ lb.}$
 $M = 1103 \text{ lb-ft.}$

2x10 @ 24"oc
 $f_b = 468 \text{ psi}$
 $f_v = 39 \text{ psi}$
 $\Delta = 0.17 \text{ in}$

J2 Beam

$w = (10.5 \text{ ft})(40 \text{ psf}) = 420 \text{ plf.}$
 $L = 17 \text{ ft.}$
 $R = 3570 \text{ lb.}$
 $M = 15173 \text{ lb-ft.}$

GL 5 1/2 x 12
 $f_b = 1379 \text{ psi}$
 $f_v = 72 \text{ psi}$
 $\Delta = 0.554 \text{ in}$



PROJECT Cheshire Pergola
Mercer Island, WA

DATE 01/24/2025
 PROJ. # AD
 DESIGN Cr-1
 SHEET

(F1) Base Plate Design

loading: $E_{mh} = \Omega \cdot Q$ (ASCE 12.4-7)
 $= 1.25 (1.025K)$

$E_{mh} = 1.28K$

Load combination 8: $1.0D + 0.7E_v + 0.7E_{mh}$

$1.0D = 1.0 (13.91 p/f (4.75 ft) + 1343 lb) = 1437 lb.$

$0.7E_{mh} = 1280 lb.$

→ $V_a = 1280 lb.$
 $P_a = 1437 lb.$
 $M_a = 8640 lb-ft.$

Load combination 9: $1.0D + 0.525E_v + 0.525E_{mh} + 0.75L + 0.75S$

$1.0D = 1.0 (13.91 p/f (4.75 ft) + 1343 lb) = 1437 lb.$

$0.525E_{mh} = 0.525 (1280 lb / 0.7) = 960 lb.$

$0.75L = 0.75 (1785 lb) = 1339 lb.$

$0.75S = 0.75 (2231 lb) = 1748 lb.$

→ $V_a = 960 lb.$
 $P_a = 4524 lb$
 $M_a = 6480 lb-ft.$

Load combination 10: $0.6D + 0.7E_v + 0.7E_{mh}$

$0.6D = 0.6 (13.91 p/f (4.75 ft) + 1343 lb) = 862 lb.$

$0.7E_{mh} = 1280 lb.$

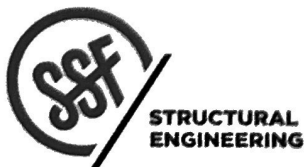
→ $V_a = 1280 lb.$

$P_a = 862 lb$

$M_a = 8640 lb-ft.$

⇒ Load combination 8 controls

⇒ see next page for base plate design and calculations



PROJECT Cheshire Pergola
Mercer Island, WA

DATE 01/24/2025
PROJ # AD
DESIGN G-2
SHEET



Company:		Date:	2/3/2025
Engineer:		Page:	1
Project:			
Address:			
Phone:			
E-mail:			

1. Project information

Project description:
Location:
Design name: Design

Comment:

2. Input Data & Anchor Parameters

General

Design method: ACI 318-19
Units: Imperial units

Anchor Information:

Anchor type: Cast-in-place
Material: AB
Diameter (inch): 0.500
Effective Embedment depth, h_{ef} (inch): 8.000
Anchor category: -
Anchor ductility: Yes
 h_{min} (inch): 9.88
 C_{min} (inch): 3.00
 S_{min} (inch): 3.00

Base Material

Concrete: Normal-weight
Concrete thickness, h (inch): 13.78
State: Uncracked
Compressive strength, f'_c (psi): 3000
 $\Psi_{c,v}$: 1.4
Reinforcement condition: A tension, A shear
Supplemental edge reinforcement: Yes
Reinforcement provided at corners: Yes
Ignore concrete breakout in tension: No
Ignore concrete breakout in shear: No
Ignore ϕ_{do} requirement: No
Build-up grout pad: Yes

Base Plate

Length x Width x Thickness (inch): 12.00 x 12.00 x 0.80
Yield stress: 36000 psi

Profile type/size: 4X4X1/2

Recommended Anchor

Anchor Name: PAB Pre-Assembled Anchor Bolt - PAB4 (1/2"Ø)





Company:		Date:	2/3/2025
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Project:			
Address:			
Phone:			
E-mail:			

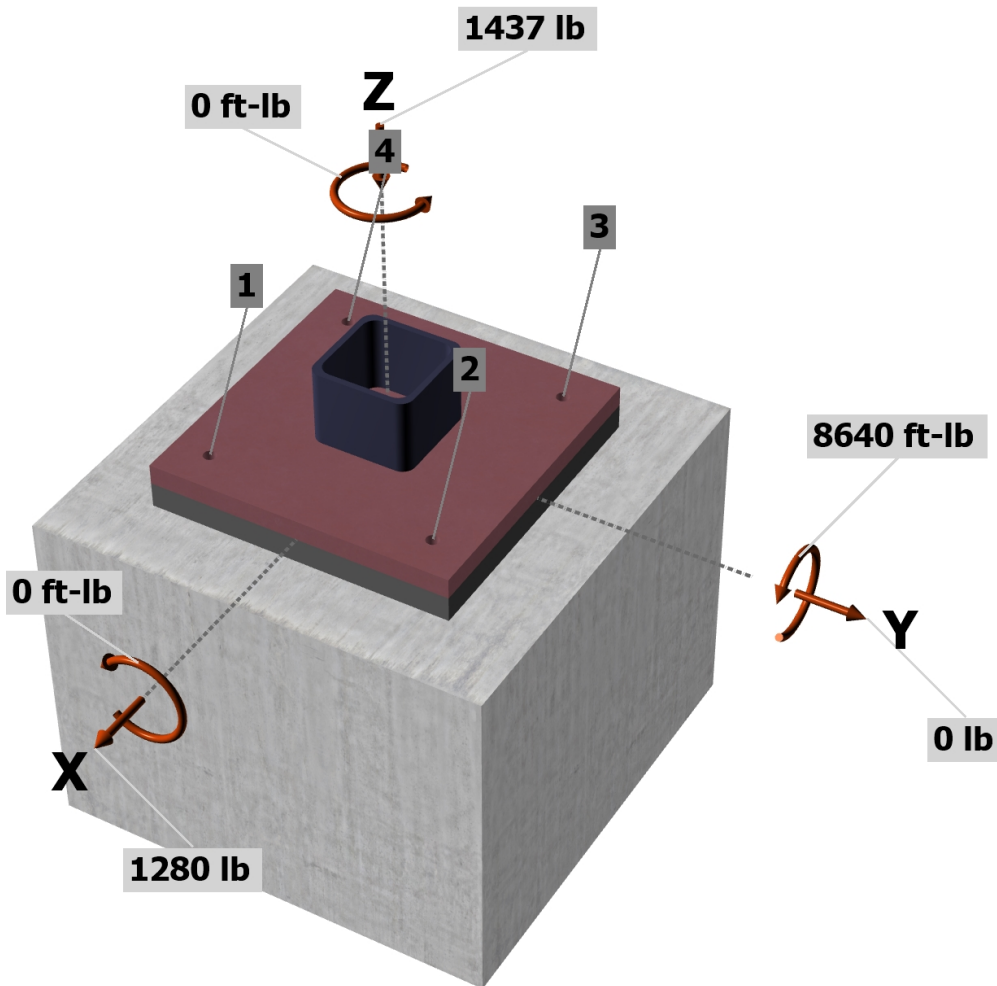
Load and Geometry

Load factor source: ACI 318 Section 5.3
Load combination: not set
Seismic design: Yes
Anchors subjected to sustained tension: Not applicable
Ductility section for tension: 17.10.5.2 not applicable
Ductility section for shear: 17.10.6.3 (a) is satisfied
 Ω_0 factor: not set
Apply entire shear load at front row: No
Anchors only resisting wind and/or seismic loads: Yes

Strength level loads:

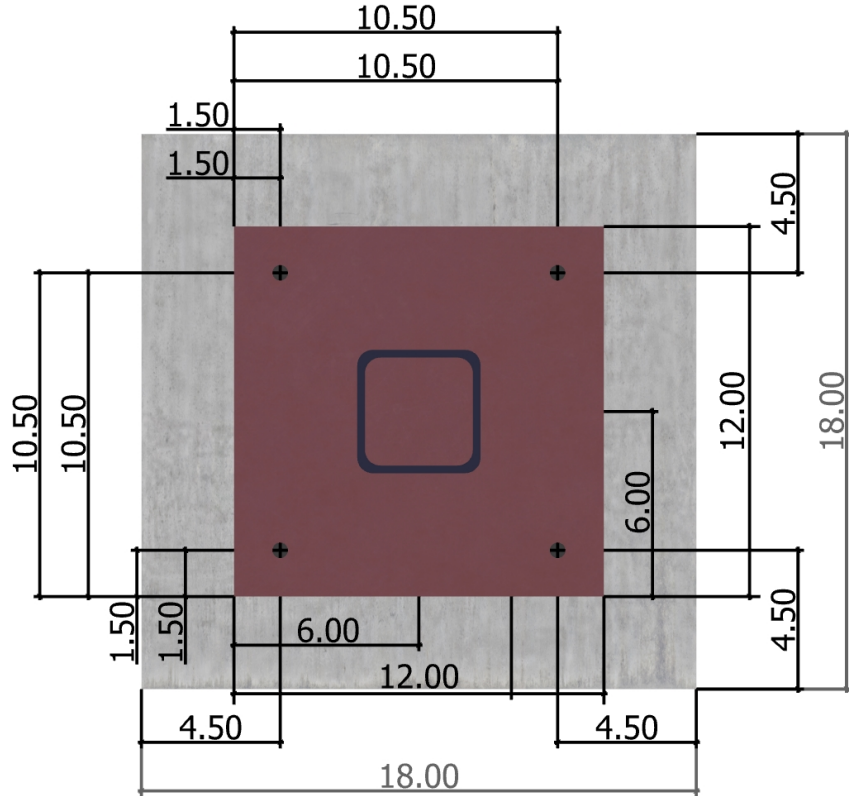
N_{ua} [lb]: -1437
 V_{uax} [lb]: 1280
 V_{uay} [lb]: 0
 M_{ux} [ft-lb]: 0
 M_{uy} [ft-lb]: 8640
 M_{uz} [ft-lb]: 0

<Figure 1>



Company:		Date:	2/3/2025
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Address:			
Phone:			
E-mail:			

<Figure 2>

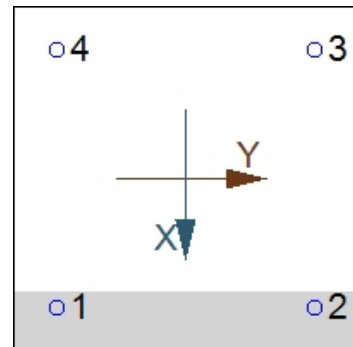


3. Resulting Anchor Forces

Anchor	Tension load, N _{ua} (lb)	Shear load x, V _{uax} (lb)	Shear load y, V _{uay} (lb)	Shear load combined, $\sqrt{(V_{uax})^2 + (V_{uay})^2}$ (lb)
1	0.0	320.0	0.0	320.0
2	0.0	320.0	0.0	320.0
3	4894.2	320.0	0.0	320.0
4	4894.2	320.0	0.0	320.0
Sum	9788.4	1280.0	0.0	1280.0

Maximum concrete compression strain (‰): 0.21
 Maximum concrete compression stress (psi): 907
 Resultant tension force (lb): 9788
 Resultant compression force (lb): 11225
 Eccentricity of resultant tension forces in x-axis, e'_{Nx} (inch): 0.00
 Eccentricity of resultant tension forces in y-axis, e'_{Ny} (inch): 0.00
 Eccentricity of resultant shear forces in x-axis, e'_{Vx} (inch): 0.00
 Eccentricity of resultant shear forces in y-axis, e'_{Vy} (inch): 0.00

<Figure 3>





Company:		Date:	2/3/2025
Engineer:		Page:	4
Project:			
Address:			
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E-mail:			

4. Steel Strength of Anchor in Tension (Sec. 17.6.1)

N_{sa} (lb)	ϕ	ϕN_{sa} (lb)
8235	0.75	6176

5. Concrete Breakout Strength of Anchor in Tension (Sec. 17.6.2)

$$N_b = k_c \lambda_a \sqrt{f_c} h_{ef}^{1.5} \text{ (Eq. 17.6.2.2.1)}$$

k_c	λ_a	f_c (psi)	h_{ef} (in)	N_b (lb)
24.0	1.00	3000	3.000	6831

$$0.75 \phi N_{cbg} = 0.75 \phi (A_{Nc} / A_{Nco}) \Psi_{ec,N} \Psi_{ed,N} \Psi_{c,N} \Psi_{cp,N} N_b \text{ (Sec. 17.5.1.2 \& Eq. 17.6.2.1a)}$$

A_{Nc} (in ²)	A_{Nco} (in ²)	$c_{a,min}$ (in)	$\Psi_{ec,N}$	$\Psi_{ed,N}$	$\Psi_{c,N}$	$\Psi_{cp,N}$	N_b (lb)	ϕ	$0.75 \phi N_{cbg}$ (lb)
175.50	81.00	4.50	1.000	1.000	1.25	1.000	6831	0.75	10406

6. Pullout Strength of Anchor in Tension (Sec. 17.6.3)

$$0.75 \phi N_{pn} = 0.75 \phi \Psi_{c,P} N_p = 0.75 \phi \Psi_{c,P} 8 A_{brg} f_c \text{ (Sec. 17.5.1.2, Eq. 17.6.3.1 \& 17.6.3.2.2a)}$$

$\Psi_{c,P}$	A_{brg} (in ²)	f_c (psi)	ϕ	$0.75 \phi N_{pn}$ (lb)
1.4	1.57	3000	0.70	27712

Company:		Date:	2/3/2025
Engineer:		Page:	5
Project:			
Address:			
Phone:			
E-mail:			

8. Steel Strength of Anchor in Shear (Sec. 17.7.1)

V_{sa} (lb)	ϕ_{grout}	ϕ	$\phi_{grout}\phi V_{sa}$ (lb)
4940	0.8	0.65	2569

9. Concrete Breakout Strength of Anchor in Shear (Sec. 17.7.2)

Shear perpendicular to edge in x-direction:

$$V_{bx} = \min|7(l_e/d_a)^{0.2}\sqrt{d_a\lambda_a}\sqrt{f_c}c_{a1}^{1.5}; 9\lambda_a\sqrt{f_c}c_{a1}^{1.5}| \text{ (Eq. 17.7.2.2.1a \& Eq. 17.7.2.2.1b)}$$

l_e (in)	d_a (in)	λ_a	f_c (psi)	c_{a1} (in)	V_{bx} (lb)
4.00	0.500	1.00	3000	13.50	20383

$$\phi V_{cbgx} = \phi (A_{Vc}/A_{Vco})\Psi_{ec,V}\Psi_{ed,V}\Psi_{c,V}\Psi_{h,V}V_{bx} \text{ (Sec. 17.5.1.2 \& Eq. 17.7.2.1b)}$$

A_{Vc} (in ²)	A_{Vco} (in ²)	$\Psi_{ec,V}$	$\Psi_{ed,V}$	$\Psi_{c,V}$	$\Psi_{h,V}$	V_{bx} (lb)	ϕ	ϕV_{cbgx} (lb)
364.50	820.13	1.000	0.767	1.400	1.000	20383	0.75	7292

Shear parallel to edge in y-direction:

$$V_{bx} = \min|7(l_e/d_a)^{0.2}\sqrt{d_a\lambda_a}\sqrt{f_c}c_{a1}^{1.5}; 9\lambda_a\sqrt{f_c}c_{a1}^{1.5}| \text{ (Eq. 17.7.2.2.1a \& Eq. 17.7.2.2.1b)}$$

l_e (in)	d_a (in)	λ_a	f_c (psi)	c_{a1} (in)	V_{bx} (lb)
4.00	0.500	1.00	3000	4.50	3923

$$\phi V_{cbgy} = \phi (2)(A_{Vc}/A_{Vco})\Psi_{ec,V}\Psi_{ed,V}\Psi_{c,V}\Psi_{h,V}V_{bx} \text{ (Sec. 17.5.1.2, 17.7.2.1(c) \& Eq. 17.7.2.1b)}$$

A_{Vc} (in ²)	A_{Vco} (in ²)	$\Psi_{ec,V}$	$\Psi_{ed,V}$	$\Psi_{c,V}$	$\Psi_{h,V}$	V_{bx} (lb)	ϕ	ϕV_{cbgy} (lb)
121.50	91.13	1.000	1.000	1.400	1.000	3923	0.75	10983

10. Concrete Pryout Strength of Anchor in Shear (Sec. 17.7.3)

$$\phi V_{cpg} = \phi K_{cp}N_{cbg} = \phi K_{cp}(A_{Nc}/A_{Nco})\Psi_{ec,N}\Psi_{ed,N}\Psi_{c,N}\Psi_{cp,N}N_b \text{ (Sec. 17.5.1.2 \& Eq. 17.7.3.1b)}$$

K_{cp}	A_{Nc} (in ²)	A_{Nco} (in ²)	$\Psi_{ec,N}$	$\Psi_{ed,N}$	$\Psi_{c,N}$	$\Psi_{cp,N}$	N_b (lb)	ϕ	ϕV_{cpg} (lb)
2.0	324.00	81.00	1.000	1.000	1.250	1.000	6831	0.70	47814

11. Results

Interaction of Tensile and Shear Forces (Sec. 17.8)

Tension	Factored Load, N_{ua} (lb)	Design Strength, ϕN_n (lb)	Ratio	Status
Steel	4894	6176	0.79	Pass
Concrete breakout	9788	10406	0.94	Pass (Governs)
Pullout	4894	27712	0.18	Pass

Shear	Factored Load, V_{ua} (lb)	Design Strength, ϕV_n (lb)	Ratio	Status
Steel	320	2569	0.12	Pass
T Concrete breakout x+	1280	7292	0.18	Pass (Governs)
 Concrete breakout y+	640	10983	0.06	Pass (Governs)
Pryout	1280	47814	0.03	Pass

Interaction check	$N_{ua}/\phi N_n$	$V_{ua}/\phi V_n$	Utilization Ratio	Permissible	Status
Sec. 17.8.3	0.94	0.18	93.0%	1.0	Pass

PAB4 (1/2"Ø) with hef = 8.000 inch meets the selected design criteria.

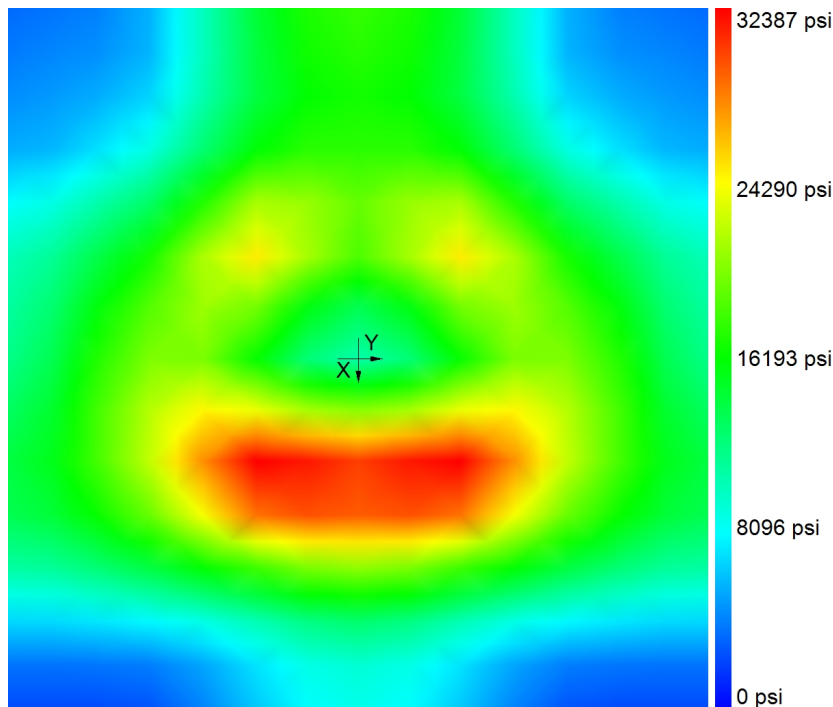
Company:		Date:	2/3/2025
Engineer:		Page:	6
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Address:			
Phone:			
E-mail:			

Base Plate Thickness

Required base plate thickness: 0.5 inches

Steel **36000 psi**
 Maximum stress **32387 psi**
 Calculated plate thickness **0.800 inch**

Stress distribution



For ACI and CSA design methods, maximum base plate stress is limited to 0.9 times yield stress.
 For ETAG design method, maximum base plate stress is limited to yield stress divide by 1.5.
 Plate stress is derived using Von Mises theory.

$$\sigma_{xx} = \frac{F_{xx}}{t} + \frac{6M_{xx}}{t^2} \text{ (@ bottom) or } \sigma_{xx} = \frac{F_{xx}}{t} - \frac{6M_{xx}}{t^2} \text{ (@ top)}$$

$$\sigma_{yy} = \frac{F_{yy}}{t} + \frac{6M_{yy}}{t^2} \text{ (@bottom) or } \sigma_{yy} = \frac{F_{yy}}{t} - \frac{6M_{yy}}{t^2} \text{ (@ top)}$$

$$\sigma_{xy} = \frac{F_{xy}}{t} + \frac{6M_{xy}}{t^2} \text{ (@bottom) or } \sigma_{xy} = \frac{F_{xy}}{t} - \frac{6M_{xy}}{t^2} \text{ (@ top)}$$

$$\sigma_{xz} = \frac{V_x}{t}$$

$$\sigma_{yz} = \frac{V_y}{t}$$

$\sigma_{xx}, \sigma_{yy}, \sigma_{xy}$ as follows:

$$S_1 = \frac{\sigma_{xx} + \sigma_{yy}}{2} + \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_{xx} - \sigma_{yy}}{2}\right)^2 + \sigma_{xy}^2}$$

$$S_2 = \frac{\sigma_{xx} + \sigma_{yy}}{2} - \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_{xx} - \sigma_{yy}}{2}\right)^2 + \sigma_{xy}^2}$$

$$S_3 = 0$$

$$\sigma_{Von\ Mises} = \sqrt{\frac{(S_1 - S_2)^2 + (S_1 - S_3)^2 + (S_2 - S_3)^2}{2}}$$



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E-mail:			

12. Warnings

- Per designer input, the tensile component of the strength-level earthquake force applied to anchors does not exceed 20 percent of the total factored anchor tensile force associated with the same load combination. Therefore the ductility requirements of ACI 318 17.10.5.2 for tension need not be satisfied – designer to verify.
- Per designer input, ductility requirements for shear have been determined to be satisfied – designer to verify.
- Designer must exercise own judgement to determine if this design is suitable.

Base plate - column weld connection.

loading: $V_a = P_r = 1280 \text{ lb}$ (per load combination 8)
 $e = 6.75 \text{ ft}$

$$I_o = I_x$$

$$V_p = \frac{P_r}{l}$$

$$V_e = \frac{P_r \cdot e_x}{I_o}$$

$$\rightarrow R = \sqrt{(V_p + V_e)^2 + H_e^2}$$

$$H_e = \frac{P_r \cdot e_y}{I_o}$$

$$\bar{l} = 4l = 4(4 \text{ in}) = 16 \text{ in} \quad (\text{in } x\text{-direction})$$

$$I_x = 2 \left(\frac{l^3}{12} \right) + 2(l) \left(\frac{l}{2} \right)^2 = 2 \left(\frac{4^3}{12} \right) + 2(4) \left(\frac{4}{2} \right)^2 = 42.67 \text{ in}^3$$

$$V_p = \frac{P_r}{l} = \frac{1280 \text{ lb}}{16 \text{ in}} = 80 \text{ lb/in} = 0.08 \text{ kip/in.}$$

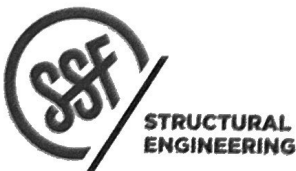
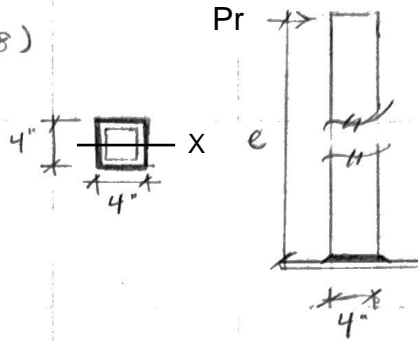
$$V_e = 0$$

$$H_e = \frac{P_r \cdot e \cdot y}{I_x} = \frac{(1.28 \text{ k})(6.75 \text{ ft} \cdot 12 \text{ in/ft})(4 \text{ in}/2)}{42.67 \text{ in}^3} = 4.86 \text{ k/in.}$$

$$R = \sqrt{(0.08)^2 + (4.86)^2} = 4.86 \text{ k/in.}$$

$$D = R/q = \frac{4.86 \text{ k/in}}{0.928 \text{ k/in per } 1/16 \text{ in.}} = 5.24 \text{ sixteenths} = 0.33 \text{ in.}$$

\rightarrow use weld size of $3/8 \text{ in}$



PROJECT Cheshire Pergola
Merler Island, WA

DATE 01/29/2025
 PROJ. # AD
 DESIGN G-10
 SHEET

(F2) Pergola Column Footing Design

Loading:

Load combination 8: $1.0D + 0.7E_v + 0.7E_{mh}$

$\rightarrow P = 7511 \text{ lb.}$

$M = 8640 \text{ lb-ft.}$

$V = 1280 \text{ lb}$

$1.0D = 1.0 [150 \text{ pcf} (4.5 \text{ ft} \cdot 4.5 \text{ ft} \cdot 2.0 \text{ ft}) + 13.91 \text{ pcf} (6.75 \text{ ft}) + 1343 \text{ lb}] = 7511 \text{ lb.}$

$0.7E_{mh} = 1280 \text{ lb.}$

Load combination 9: $1.0D + 0.5E_v + 0.525E_{mh} + 0.75L + 0.75S$

$\rightarrow P = 10523 \text{ lb.}$

$M = 6480 \text{ lb-ft.}$

$V = 960 \text{ lb}$

$1.0D = 1.0 [150 \text{ pcf} (4.5 \text{ ft} \cdot 4.5 \text{ ft} \cdot 2.0 \text{ ft}) + 13.91 \text{ pcf} (6.75 \text{ ft}) + 1343] = 7511 \text{ lb.}$

$0.525E_{mh} = 0.525 (1.25 (1025 \text{ lb} / 0.7)) = 960 \text{ lb}$

$0.75L = 0.75 (1785 \text{ lb}) = 1339 \text{ lb.}$

$0.75S = 0.75 (2231 \text{ lb}) = 1673 \text{ lb}$

Load combination 10: $0.6D - 0.7E_v + 0.7E_{mh}$

$\rightarrow P = 4507 \text{ lb.}$

$M = 8640 \text{ lb-ft.}$

$V = 1280 \text{ lb}$

$0.6D = 0.6 [150 \text{ pcf} (4.5 \text{ ft} \cdot 4.5 \text{ ft} \cdot 2.0 \text{ ft}) + 13.91 \text{ pcf} (6.75 \text{ ft}) + 1343] = 4507 \text{ lb.}$

$0.7E_{mh} = 1280 \text{ lb.}$

Bearing Pressure:

$e = \frac{M_{OT}}{P_T} = \frac{8640 \text{ lb-ft}}{4507 \text{ lb}} = 1.91 \text{ ft.}$

$L/6 = 4.5 \text{ ft} / 6 = 0.75 \text{ ft} \rightarrow e > L/6$

Therefore: $q_{max} = \frac{2 \cdot P}{3 \cdot B \cdot x}$ where $x = L/2 - e = 4.5 \text{ ft} / 2 - 1.91 \text{ ft} = 0.33$

$q_{max} = \frac{2(4507 \text{ lb})}{3(4.5 \text{ ft})(0.33)} = 2023 \text{ psf} < 1.33(2000 \text{ psf})$ per geotech report

$2023 \text{ psf} < 2660 \text{ psf OK.}$

\rightarrow 4'-0" ϕ x 2'-0" dp. conc. ftg

Check sliding: (worst case)

$\frac{P_{resisting}}{V_a} = \frac{\mu(P_{ftg} + P_{column} + P_{roof}) + P_{passive}}{1280 \text{ lb.}} = \frac{0.3(4800 \text{ lb} + 941 \text{ lb} + 1343 \text{ lb}) + 250 \text{ pcf}(2 \cdot 2 \cdot 1)}{1280 \text{ lb.}}$

F.S. = $\frac{P_R}{V_a} = \frac{2871 \text{ lb}}{1280 \text{ lb}} = 2.27 > 1.5 \text{ OK}$

\rightarrow Load combination 10 controls



PROJECT Cheshire Pergola
Mercer Island, WA

DATE 01/29/2025
PROJ.# AD
DESIGN G-11
SHEET

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